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Product Type	Camera
Model Number	NCP-CC100

PACKAGE	VERSION	LICENSE	SOURCE ARCHIVE
7zdec	16.00	GPL	lzma1600.7z
alsa-lib	1.1.3	LGPLv2.1	alsa-lib-1.1.3.tar.bz2
alsa-plugins	1.1.1	LGPLv2.1	alsa-plugins-1.1.1.tar.bz2
alsa-utils	1.1.3	GPLv2	alsa-utils-1.1.3.tar.bz2
busybox	1.24.1	GPLv2	busybox-1.24.1.tar.bz2
dbus	1.8.18	GPLv2	dbus-1.8.18.tar.gz
dbus-glib	0.104	GPLv2	dbus-glib-0.104.tar.gz
dnsmasq	2.75	GPLv2	dnsmasq-2.75.tar.gz
freetype	2.4.10	GPLv2.	freetype-2.4.10.tar.gz
fues	2.0.7	GNU GPLv2, GNU	fuer 2.0.7 to 1.55
fuse	2.9.7	LGPLv2.1	fuse-2.9.7.tar.gz
glib2	2.51.0	Library GPLv2	glib-2.51.0.tar.xz
hostapd	0.8	BSD/GPLv2 dual license	hostapd-0.8.tar.gz
iw	3.11	BSD	iw-3.11.tar.gz
kmod	17	GPLv2	kmod-17.tar.gz
libattr	2.4.47	GPLv2	attr-2.4.47.src.tar.gz
libcap	2.22	GPLv2	libcap-2.22.tar.gz
libeXosip2	4.1.0	GPLv2	libeXosip2-4.1.0.tar.gz
libexif	0.6.21	LGPLv2.1	libexif-0.6.21.zip
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libidn	1.28	GPLv2	libidn-1.28.tar.gz
libndp	1.3	LGPLv2.1	libndp_1.3.tar.gz
libnl	3.2.24	LGPLv2.1	libnl-3.2.24.tar.gz
libosip2	4.1.0	LGPLv2	libosip2-4.1.0.tar.gz

libsepol	2.3	LGPLv2.1	libsepol_2.3.tar.gz
libsndfile	1.0.27	LGPLv2.1	libsndfile-1.0.27.tar.gz
libtool	2.4.6	GPLv2	libtool-2.4.6.tar.gz
libusbx	1.0.21	LGPLv2.1	libusb-1.0.21.tar.gz
libusb-compat	0.1.5	LGPLv2.1	libusb-compat-0.1.5.tar.bz2
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nettle3	3.2	LGPLv2.1	nettle-3.2.tar.gz
procps-ng	3.3.10	GNU GPLv2, GNU Library GPLv2	procps-ng-3.3.10.tar.xz
pulseaudio	9.0	LGPLv2.1	pulseaudio-9.0.tar.gz
soxr	0.1.2	LGPLv2.1	soxr-0.1.2-Source.tar.xz
telnet-server	0.17	GPLv2	netkit-telnet_0.17.orig.tar.gz
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wpa_supplicant	v2.0-devel_rtw_r25669.20171213	GPLv2	wpa_supplicant.tar.gz
Linux	3.10	GPLv2	linux-3.10.tar.bz2

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speex	1.2rc2 / 1.2rc3	BSD-style License
webrtc-audio-processing	0.3	BSD License
zlib	1.2.9	zlib License

Component: 7zdec

Version:16.00

License Type: GNU GPL

File: lzma1600

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1) PPMd var.H (2001): Dmitry Shkarin

2) SHA-256: Wei Dai (Crypto++ library)

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Component: alsa-lib

Version : 1.1.3

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File: alsa-lib-1.1.3.tar.bz2

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Component: alsa-plugins

Version: 1.1.1

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1 File: alsa-plugins-1.1.1.tar.bz2

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Component: alsa-utils

Version : 1.1.3

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Component: busybox

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File: busybox-1.24.1.tar.bz2

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

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Component: dbus-glib

Version: 0.104

License Type: GNU GPLv2 File: dbus-glib-0.104.tar.gz

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Component : dhcpcd

Version: 6.4.3 License Type: BSD

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Component: dnsmasq

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Version: 2.0.1

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Component : glib2 Version : 2.51.0

License Type: GNU Lib GPLv2

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Component: hostapd

Version: 2.4

License Type: BSD

File: hostapd-0.8.tar.gz

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wpa_supplicant and hostapd

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Source code files were moved around in v0.6.x releases and compared to earlier releases, the programs are now built by first going to a subdirectory (wpa_supplicant or hostapd) and creating build configuration (.config) and running 'make' there (for Linux/BSD/cygwin builds).

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Component: iperf

Version: 2.0.8

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Iperf performance test

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Component : iw Version : 3.11

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Component: json-c

Version: 0.11-20130402 License Type: JSON License

File: N/A

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Component: kmod

Version: 17

License Type: GNU GPLv2

File: kmod-17.tar.gz

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Version: 3.2.0

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File: N/A

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Component : libattr Version : 2.4.47

License Type: GNU GPLv2 File: attr-2.4.47.src.tar.gz

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Component : libcap

Version: 2.22

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
- c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more

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- d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Component: libffi

Version: 3.1

License Type: MIT License

File: N/A

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Component : libg7xx

Version: 0.0.6

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1 File: spandsp-0.0.6.tar.gz

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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Component : libgcrypt

Version : 1.6.1

License Type: GNU GPLv2, GNU LGPLv2.1(lib)

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Component : libgpg-error

Version: 1.12

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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That's all there is to it!

Component: libidn

Version: 1.28

License Type: GNU GPLv2 File: libidn-1.28.tar.gz

License Text File Contents

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1

File: libnl-3.2.24.tar.gz

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Component: libogg

Version : 1.3.1

License Type: BSD-style License

File: N/A

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Component : libosip2

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October 20, 2016

Component : libsepol

Version: 2.3

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1

File: libsepol_2.3.tar.gz

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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That's all there is to it!

Component : libsndfile

Version: 1.0.27

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1 File: libsndfile-1.0.27.tar.gz

License Text File Contents

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Component: libssh2

Version: 1.6.0

License Type: BSD License

File: N/A

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Component : libtool

Version : 2.4.6

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1

File: libtool-2.4.6.tar.gz

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

Component : libusbx

Version: 1.0.21

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1 File: libusb-1.0.21.tar.gz

License Text File Contents

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Component : libusb-compat

Version: 1.0.21

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1

File: libusb-compat-0.1.5.tar.bz2

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Component : libxml2

Version : 2.9.1

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Component : lua Version : 5.3.3

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Component: mxml

Version: 2.8

License Type: Mini-XML License(GNU Library GPLv2 with exceptions)

File: mxml-2.8.tar.gz

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Component: nettle3

Version: 3.2

License Type: GNU LGPLv2.1

File: nettle-3.2.tar.gz

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THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

Written by: Philip Hazel

Email local part: ph10

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Component: procps-ng

Version: 3.3.10

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Component: ubi-tools

Version: 1.5.2

License Type: GNU GPLv2

File: mtd-utils-1.5.2.tar.gz

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Version: 2.29

License Type: GNU GPLv2

File: util-linux-2.29.tar.xz

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Version: 0.3

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Component: wireless-tools

Version: 29

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Version: v2.0-devel rtw r25669.20171213

License Type: GNU GPLv2 File: wpa_supplicant.tar.gz

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler

jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

Component : Linux

Version: 3.10

License Type: GNU GPLv2 File: linux-3.10.tar.bz2

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